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What is the Moon?



- A natural satellite
- One of more than
 96 moons in our
 Solar System
- The only moon of the planet Earth



Moon's Location from Earth



- About 384,000 km (240,000 miles) from Earth
- 3,468 km (2,155 miles) in diameter (about ¼ the size of Earth)

Highlights from Apollo 11 mission

launch: July 16th 1969

arrival at Moon: July 20th 1969

first humans to land on the Moon





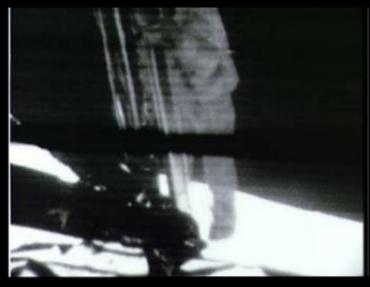


On July 20, 1969, after a four day trip, the Apollo astronauts arrived at the Moon. This photo of Earthrise over the lunar horizon is one of the most famous images returned from the space program, although even the astronauts themselves cannot remember who actually took it.

First steps on the Moon

- July 20th 1969
- Neil Armstrong
- "Buzz" Aldrin







Earth

- Active wind/water erosion
- Impacts
- Active volcanoes
- Earthquakes
- Active magnetic field
- Few craters
 Geologically Active!

Moon



- NO Active wind/water erosion
- Impacts
- NO active volcanoes
- Small moonquakes
- NO active magnetic field
- Buckets of craters

Geologically Inactive!

The Moon's Surface



- No atmosphere
- No liquid water
- Extreme temperatures

Daytime = 130°C Nighttime = -190°C

1/6 Earth's gravity

Movements of the Moon



- Revolution –
 Moon orbits the
 Earth every
 27 ¹/₃ days
- Rotation Moon turns on its axis every 27 days

Movements of the Moon

- The moon rises in the east and sets in the west
- The moon rises and sets
 50 minutes later each day
- Same side of Moon always faces Earth



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