

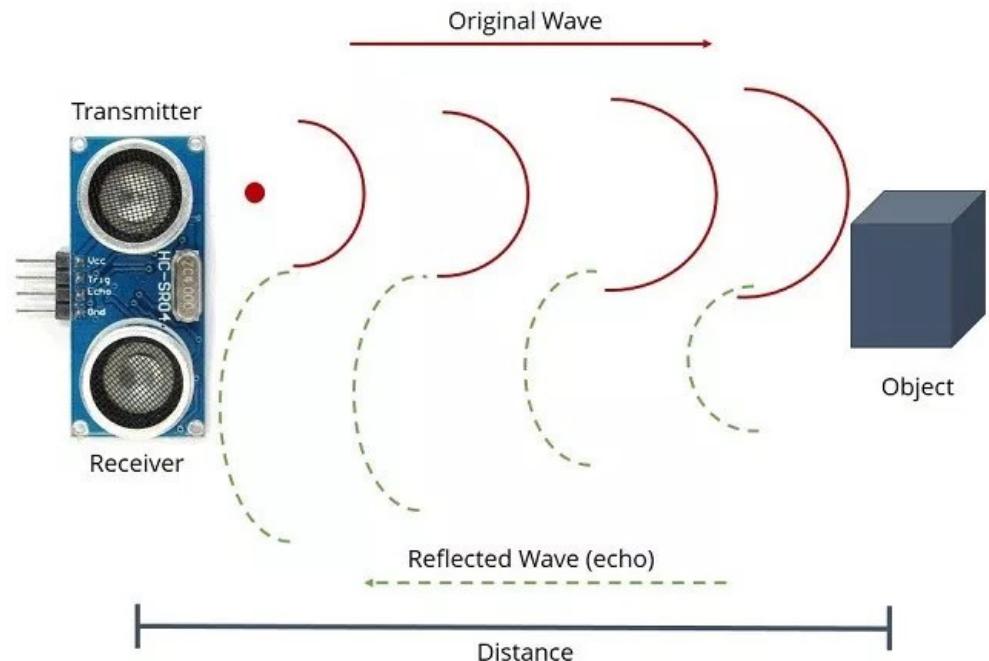
# Ultrasonic Distance Sensor

- Works by sending pulse of sound and measuring how long it takes for echo to return
- Max range: 400cm
- **Doesn't work in “Live” mode**



# Ultrasonic Distance Sensor

- Total distance traveled by sound wave
  - Time x Speed of sound
- Distance to object
  - Total distance / 2
- Retrieve distance in cm using...



∞ read ultrasonic sensor trig pin

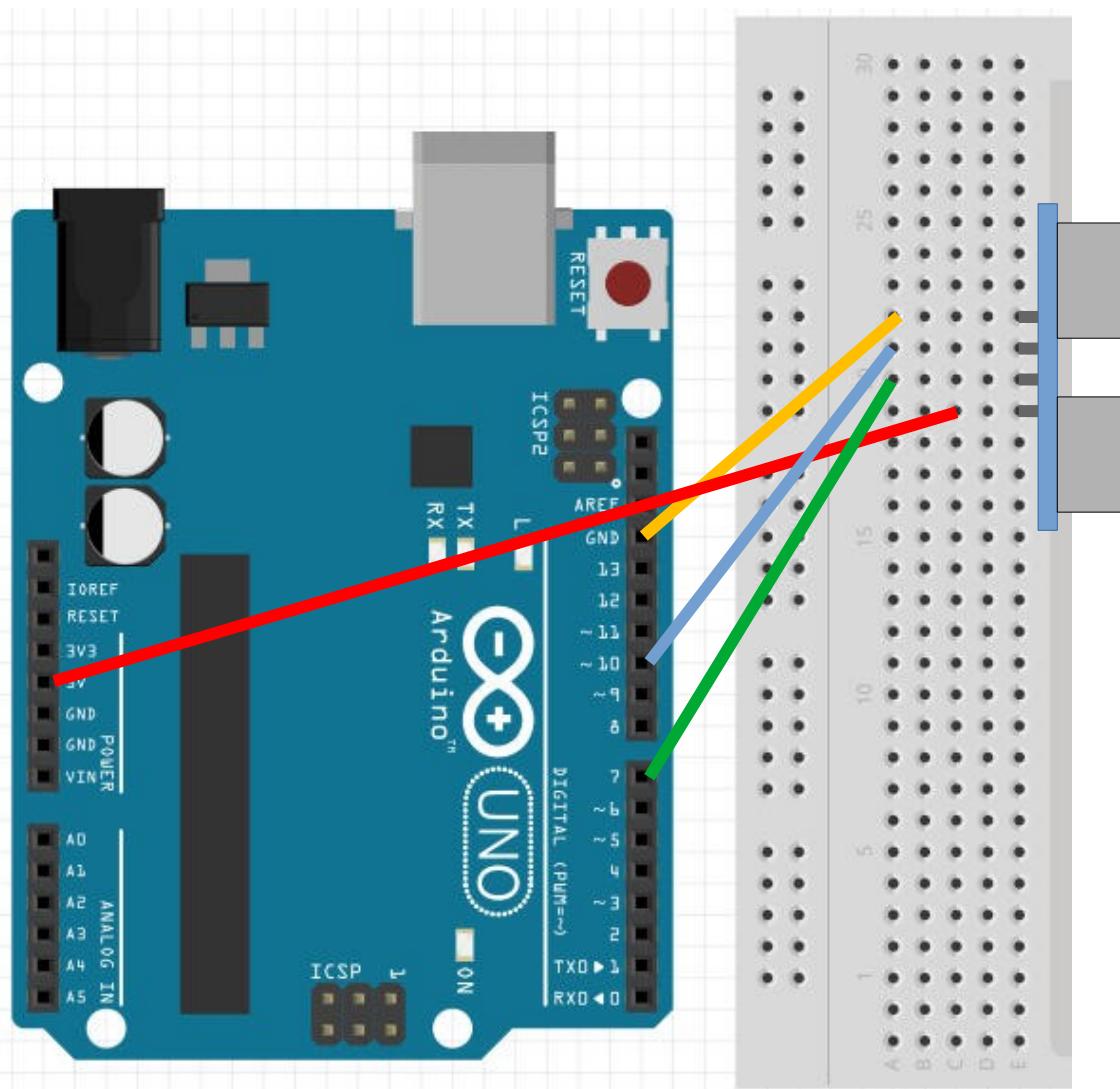
12

echo pin

11

Slide 2

# Ultrasonic Distance Sensor



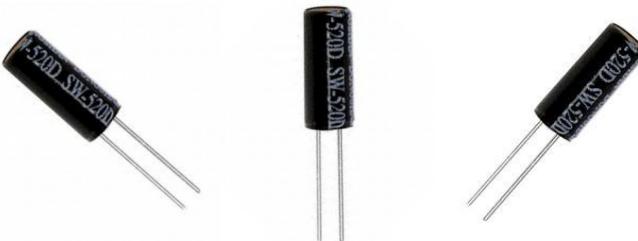
## Pins Connections

Sensor	Arduino
Vcc	5V
Trig	Any I/O (Pin 2 to 12)
Echo	Any I/O (Pin 2 to 12)
Gnd	Gnd

# Tilt Switch

- Works just like a push button switch
  - Need pull-up / pull-down resistor!
- Turns on when tilted upwards
- Turns off when tilted downwards

**On Position**

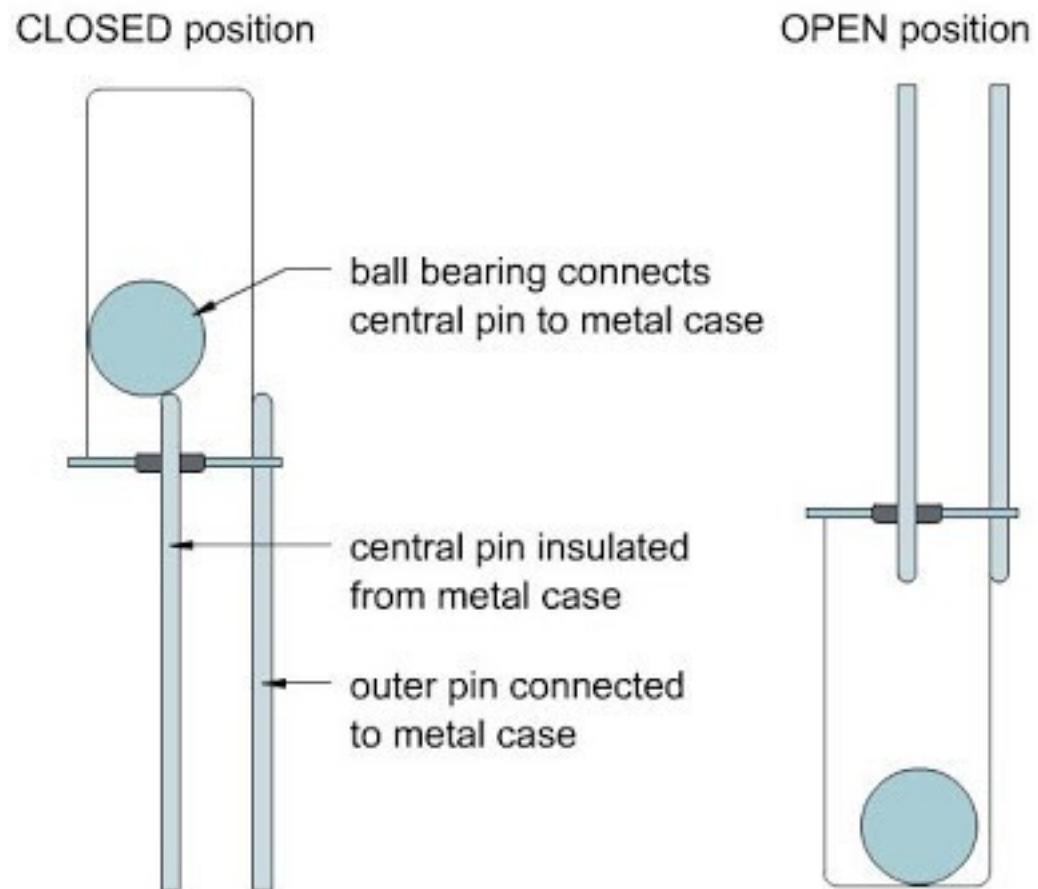


**Off Position**

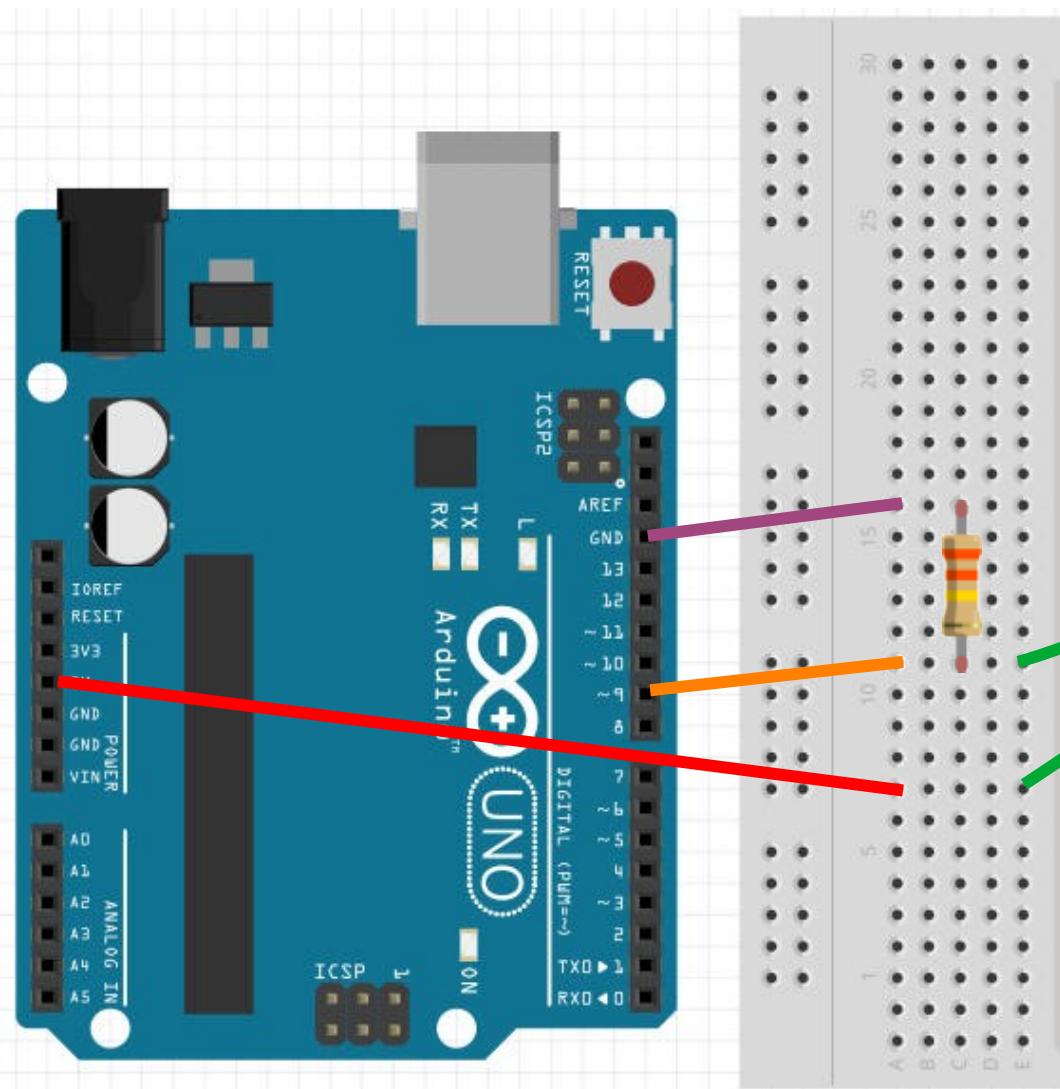


# Tilt Switch

- Metal ball complete connection when switch pointed upwards



# Tilt Switch



Read using “read digital pin”

∞ read digital pin

9

Slide 6

# PIR Sensor

- Passive Infrared Sensor
- Detects far infrared produced by warm objects (eg. human body)
- Can only detect motion, not stationary objects

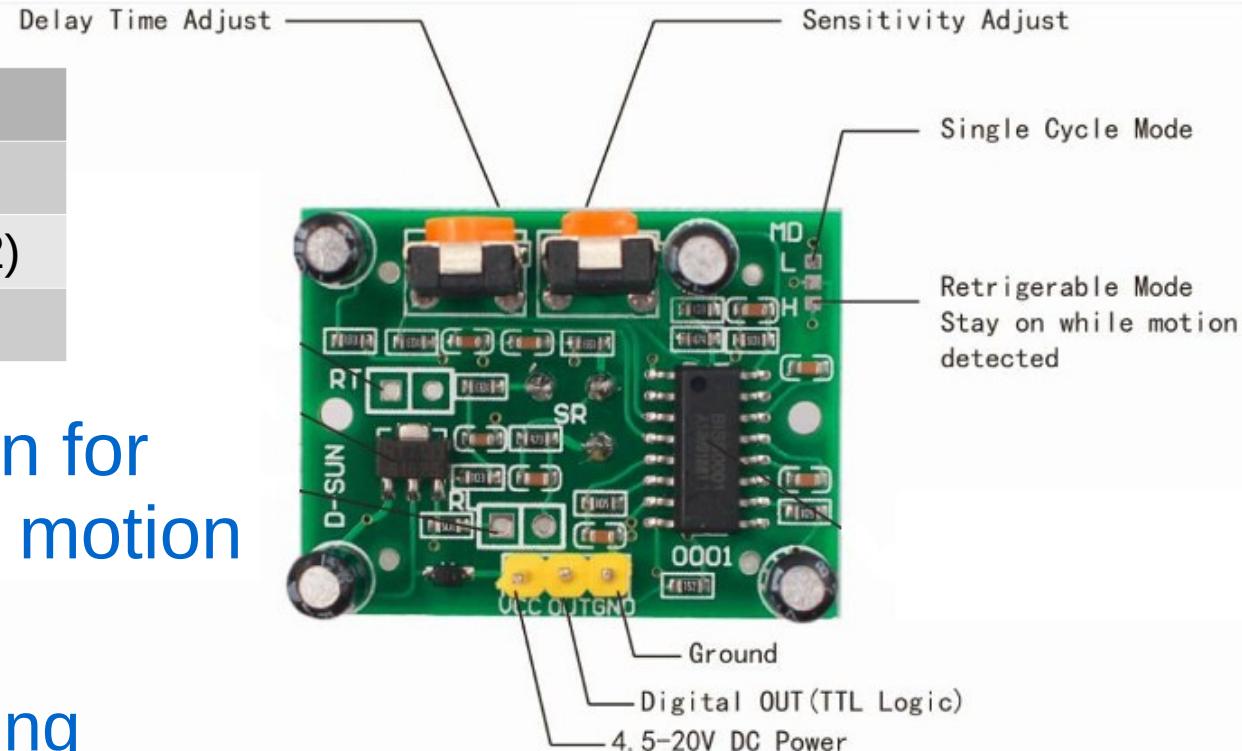


# PIR Sensor

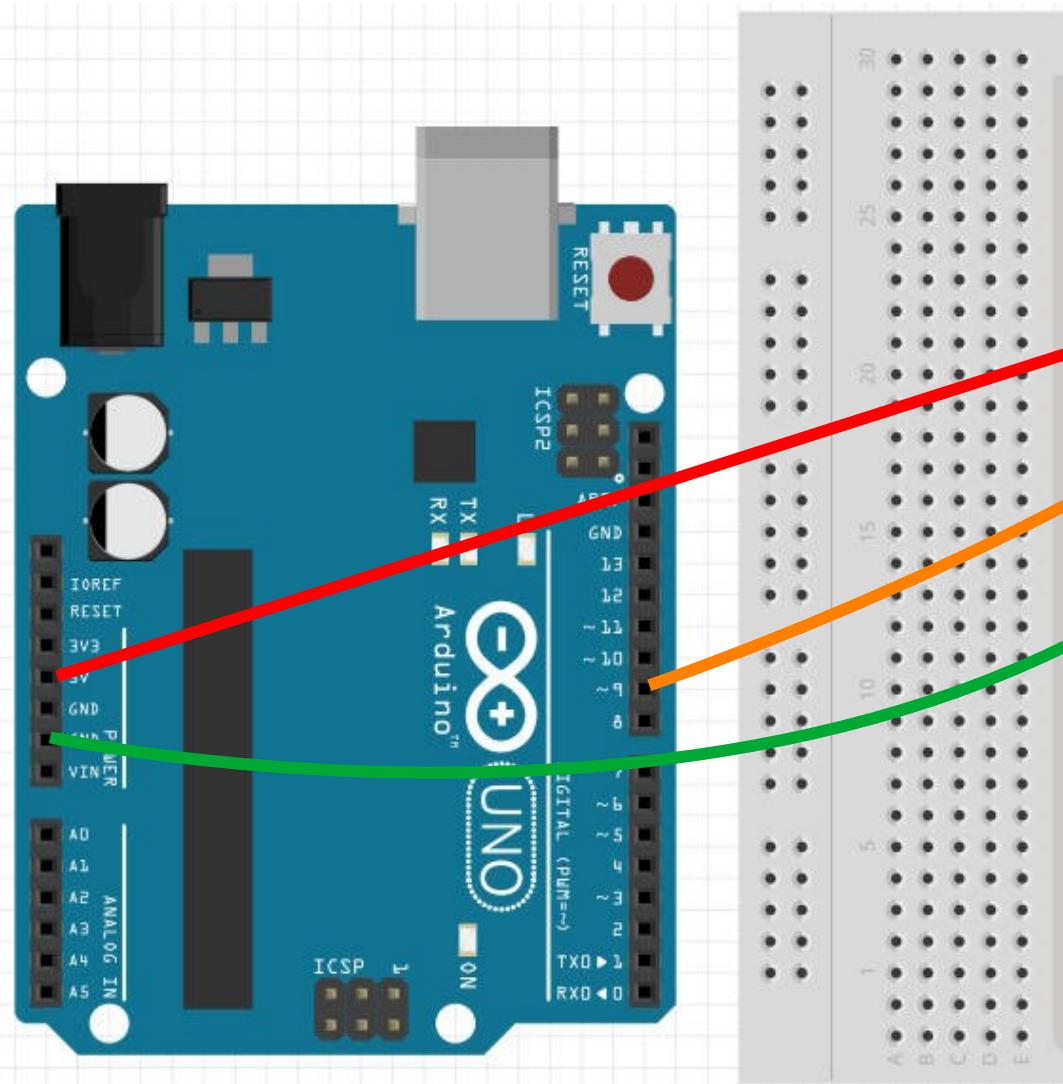
## Pins Connections

Sensor	Arduino
Vcc / Power	5V
Out	Any I/O (Pin 2 to 12)
Gnd	Gnd

- Turns on and stay on for short duration when motion detected
  - Adjust duration using “Delay Time Adjust”



# PIR Sensor



- Read using “read digital pin”

∞ read digital pin

9

Slide 9

# Heart Rate Sensor

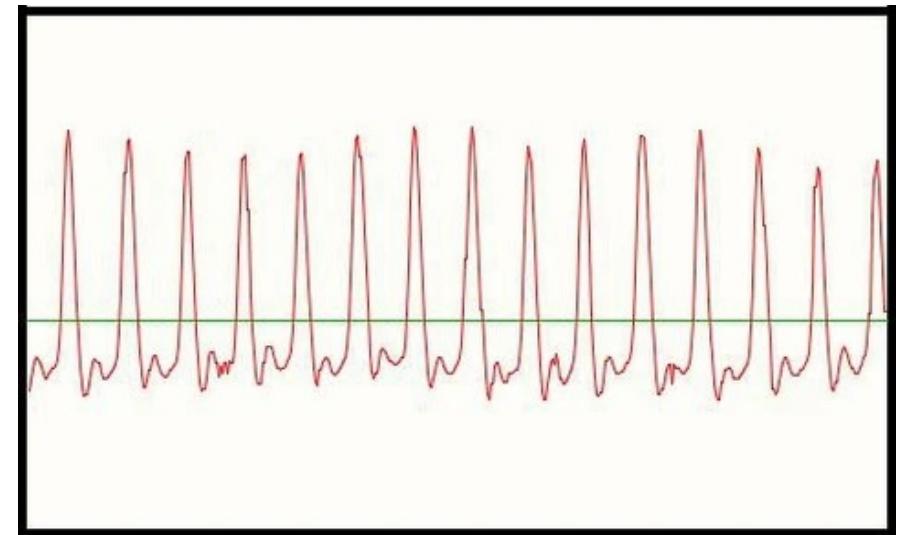
- Measures amount of light passing through skin
- Amount of light changes with blood flow
- Provides analog voltage signal



# Heart Rate Sensor

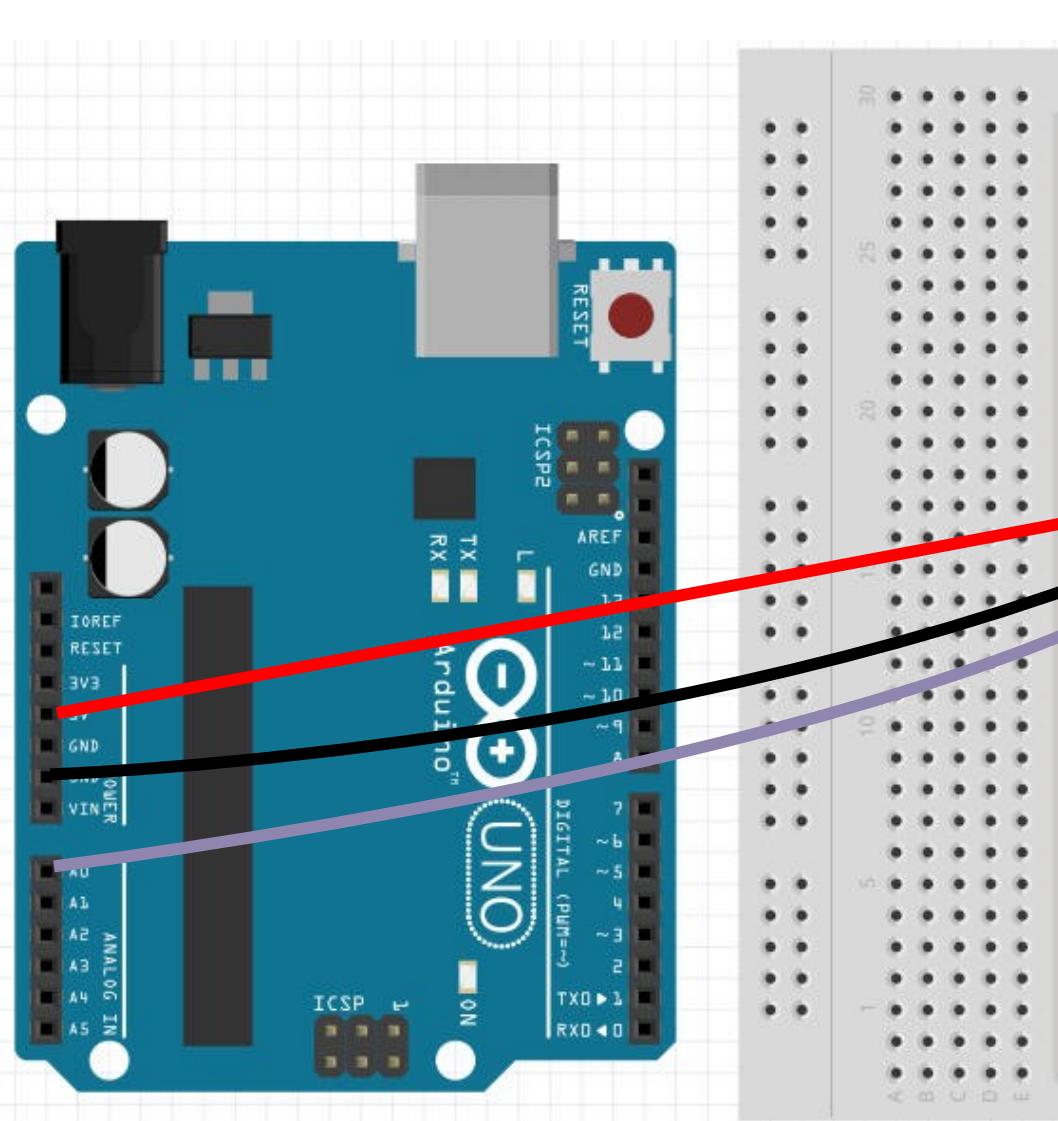
## Pins Connections

Sensor	Arduino
Red	5V
Purple	Any Analog (A0 - A5)
Black	Gnd



- Voltage rises above mid-point (512) on every pulse

# Heart Rate Sensor



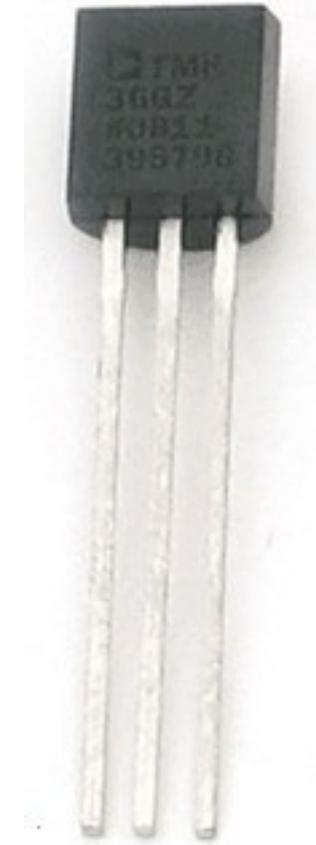
- Read using “read analog pin”

∞ read analog pin (A) 0

0

# Temperature Sensor

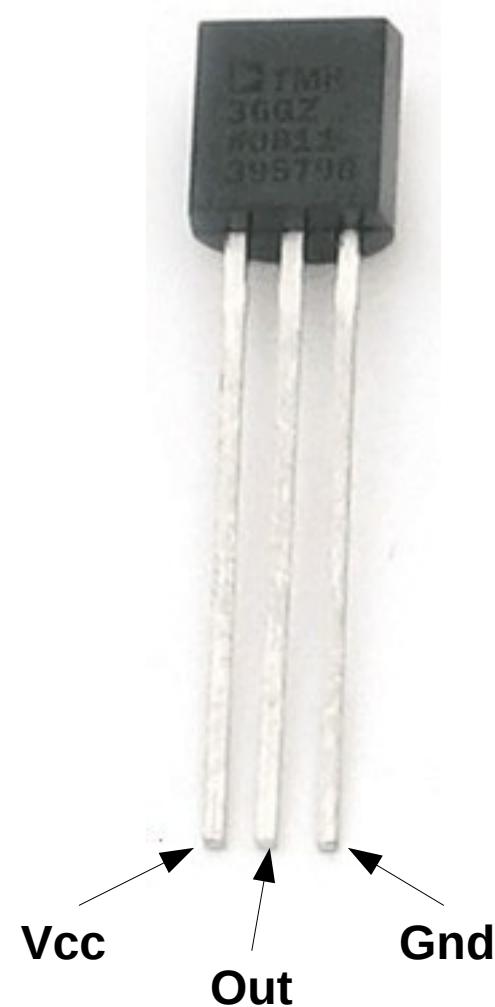
- Model: TMP36
- Range: -40°C to 150°C
- Uses semi-conductors to measure temperature
- Outputs an analog voltage



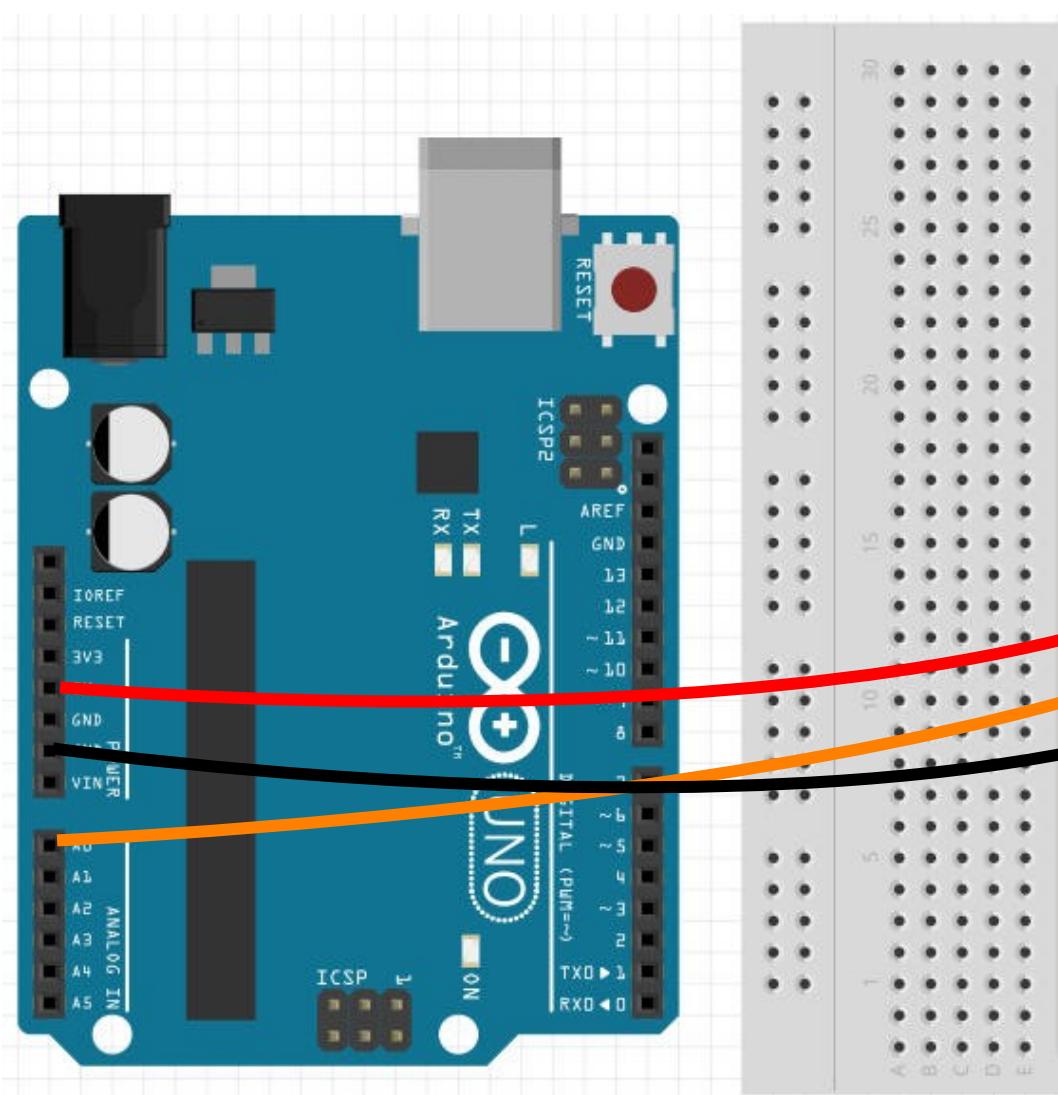
# Temperature Sensor

## Pins Connections

Sensor	Arduino
Vcc	5V
Out	Any Analog (A0 - A5)
Gnd	Gnd



# Temperature Sensor



- Read using “read analog pin”

∞ read analog pin (A)

0

# Temperature Sensor

## Calculate temperature:

- Convert analog reading to voltage



```
map (0, 1023) (0, 5)
```

- Convert voltage to °C
  - Temperature =  $(\text{Voltage} - 0.5) \times 100$

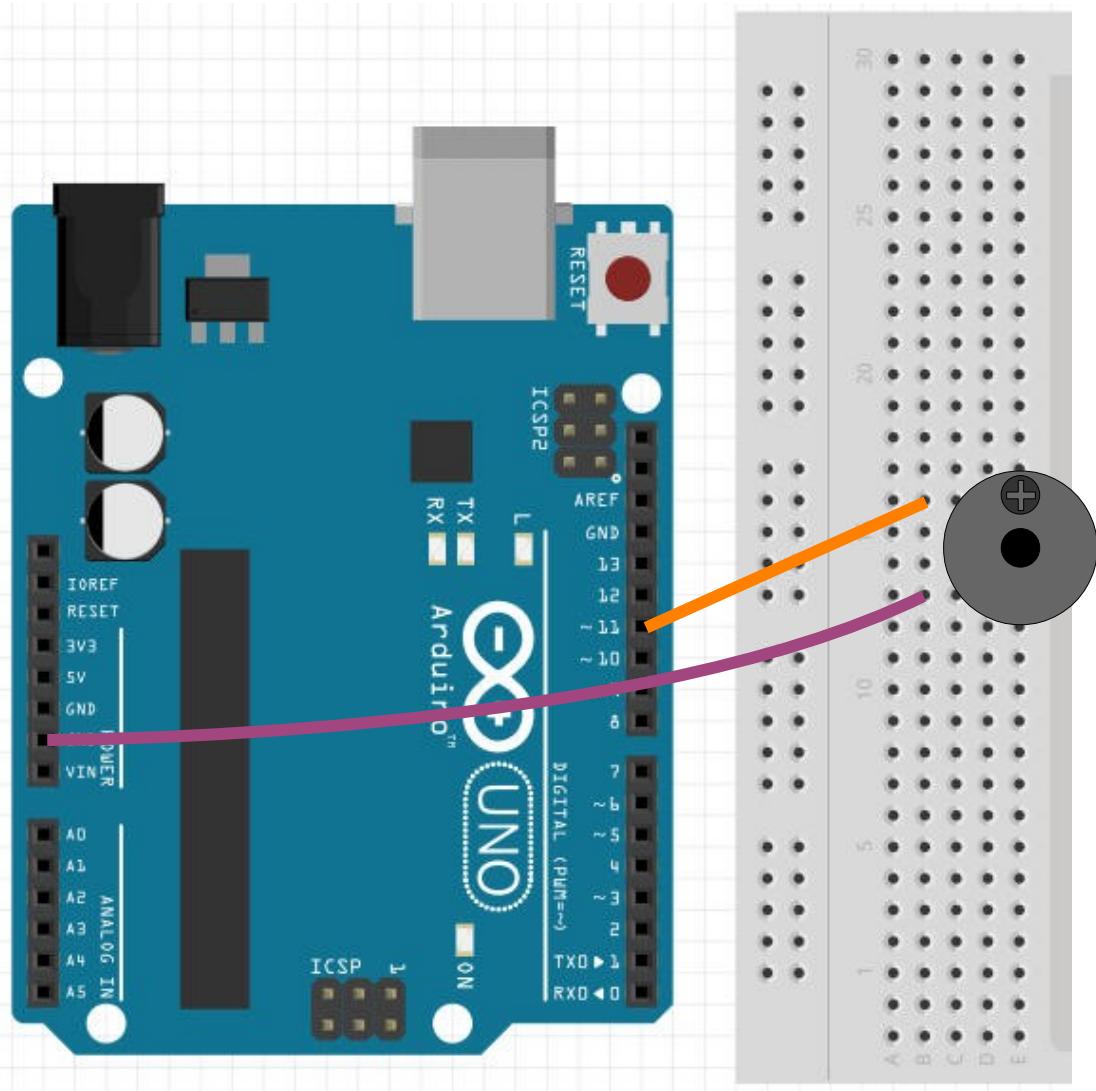
# Active Buzzer

## Pins Connections

Buzzer	Arduino
+	Any I/O (Pin 2 to 12)
-	Gnd



- Don't require resistor
- Cannot be reversed
- Plays only a single tone, cannot control tone or play music



- Control using  
“Set digital pin”



# Servo Motor

- Built-in electronics controls motor position
- Range: 0 to 180 degrees
- **Cannot rotate continuously!**



# Servo Motor

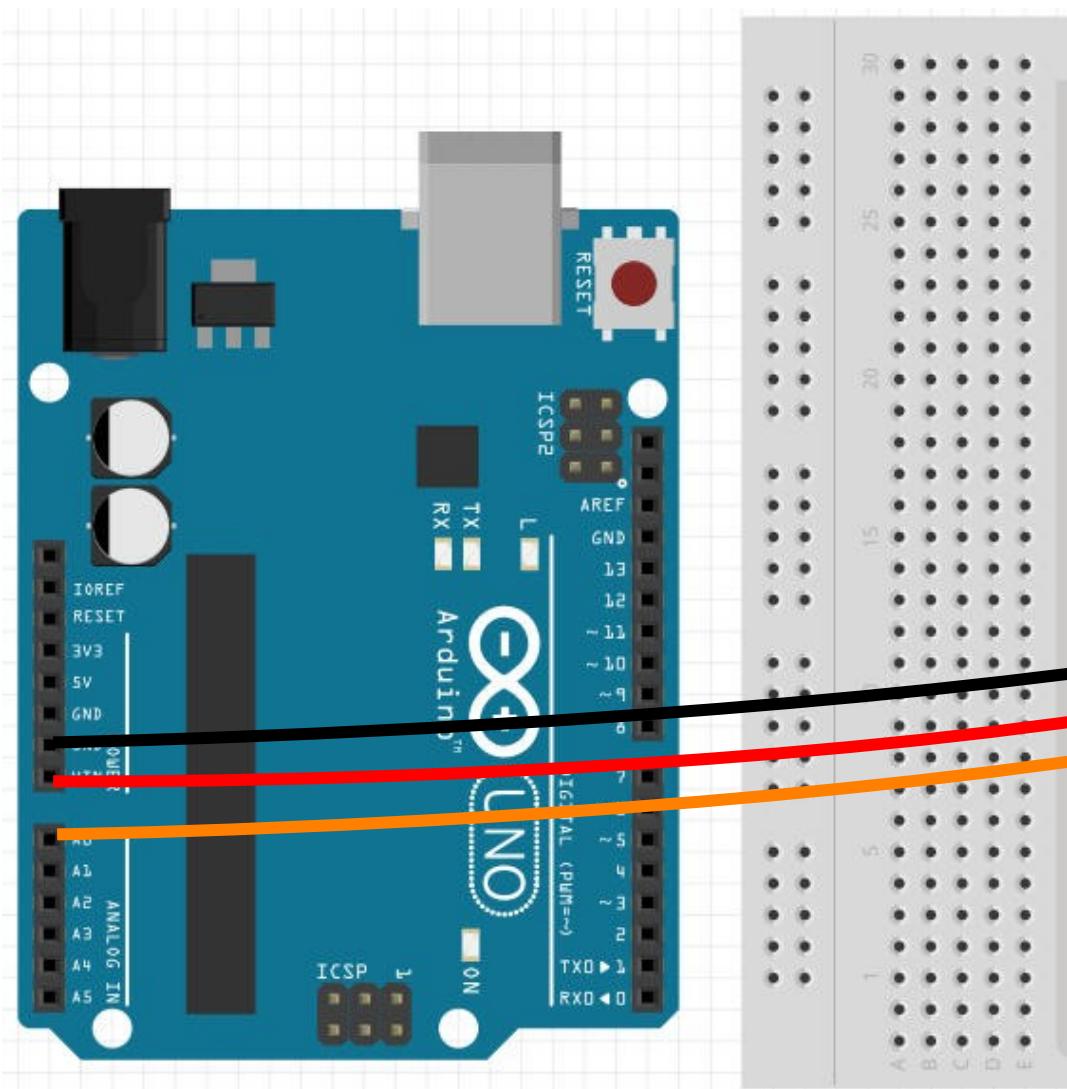
## Pins Connections

Buzzer	Arduino
Brown	Gnd
Red	Vcc or Vin *
Orange	Any I/O (Pin 2 to 12)

\* Recommend to use Vin



# Servo Motor



- Control using “Set servo pin”

A Scratch script consisting of a blue arrow pointing right labeled "set servo pin" followed by a white circle containing the number "9" and another white circle containing the text "angle as 90".